# **Session Management**

## Table of contents

Accessing the home page	1
Session states	2
Managing sessions	3
Starting new sessions	3
Opening existing sessions and sessions from projects	4
Ending sessions	6
Troubleshooting	7
Find session diagnostics for started sessions	7

This page covers the basics on using the Posit Workbench home page to work in a multi-session environment.

#### Accessing the home page

After logging in, Workbench will redirect users to the Workbench home page. It consists of three sections:

- 1. Sessions: manage sessions and create new ones.
- 2. Projects: create sessions for recently used/shared projects.
- 3. Recently Published: create sessions for recently published projects.

To help you keep track of your running sessions, Posit Workbench comes with a home page that allows users to:

- View the status of all running sessions: pending, idle, active, shut down, or suspended.
- Gracefully or forcefully exit a running session.
- View recently accessed projects.
- View recently published projects.
- Participate in one or more shared projects.
- Run multiple analyses in parallel.

essions	+ New Session 🛈 Suspend All 🔱	Quit All Projects
Jupyter Notebook Session  ACTIVE /home/ CREATED: 1:11:37 PM	① Info 🖉 Rename	© Quit Sales Dashboard -/Sales Dashboard OWNER: ME LAST USED:
S VS Code Session • ACTIVE /home/. CREATED: 1:11:34 PM	🛈 Info 🖉 Rename	© Quit Recently Published sales_dashboard_v2
JupyterLab Session  ACTIVE /home/ CREATED: 1:11:32 PM	① Info 🖉 Rename	じ Quit
R RStudio Pro Session • ACTIVE R 4.1.3 -/Sales Dashboard CREATED: 1:05:	① Info	එ Quit ~

Figure 1: Accessing the Workbench home page

#### **Session states**

Sessions are long-running tasks that continue to be available until you explicitly quit them. This means that you can kick off a long-running job in one session and switch to another to continue working.

Sessions may be in one of the following states:

- Active: The session is running, and there has been recent user interaction or processing.
- Idle: The session is running, and there has been no recent user interaction or processing.
- **Suspended**: The session is not currently running as it has been suspended. Session information has been saved for future restoration. The session is restored when clicked on the home page with all active work preserved.
- Pending: The session is in the process of being made available to the user.
- **Shutting Down**: The session has been exited, and any unsaved work will be lost. This is done through quitting or force quitting the session.

When sessions have been idle (no processing or user interaction) for a specified period, 2 hours by default, they are suspended to free up server resources. When you next interact with that session, it is restored with all active work preserved, and you can resume work from where you had last left off. To change the session idle configuration, refer your server administrator to the Session Timeout section of the Admin Guide.

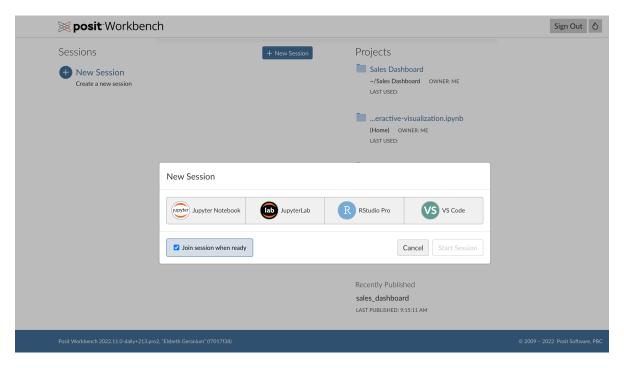
As a general rule, the larger the objects are, the longer it will take to resume a session that was suspended.

#### i Note

Only objects that have been allocated within R's memory are written to disk and may be restored later. Generally, this means that any object that could be saved as a .rds file will be safely suspended and restored later. Any R objects that cannot be saved to .rds, such as objects requiring deserialization or relying on external pointers, may experience unexpected behavior when suspending and could be inaccessible upon restoration. Currently, only sessions using RStudio Pro have the capability to be suspended and later restored.

#### Managing sessions

#### Starting new sessions



To start a new session, from the **Sessions** section click the + **New Session** button.

Figure 2: Creating a new session in Workbench

When creating a new session, you may choose from the different editor options that have been configured by your administrator, including RStudio Pro, VS Code, JupyterLab, and Jupyter Notebook.

i Note

Depending on how your server administrator has configured your Workbench deployment, you will see different settings under the **OPTIONS** section of the **New Session** modal. For example, Workbench can also be configured to launch jobs into IT-managed computing resources in Kubernetes or Slurm clusters, which may give additional options during new session creation such as **CPUs** and **Memory**.

#### Opening existing sessions and sessions from projects

You can open existing sessions by clicking the session name.

Sessions		+ New Session	) Susp	end All ()	Quit All	Projects
Jupyter No • ACTIVE /home/	tebook Session created: 9:26:28 am	Ū.	Info ,	🖉 Rename	් Quit ~	Sales Dashboard -/Sales Dashboard OWNER: ME LAST USED:
JupyterLab	Session CREATED: 9:26:25 AM	Ĵ	Info ,	🖉 Rename	් Quit ~	(Home) OWNER: ME LAST USED:
VS VS Code Se • ACTIVE /home/	CREATED: 9:26:22 AM	C	Info ,	🖉 Rename	් Quit ~	<ul> <li>arrow_testing</li> <li>~/arrow_testing</li> <li>OWNER: ME</li> <li>LAST USED:</li> </ul>
R RStudio Pro • ACTIVE R /home/	4.1.3	(1) Info P Ren IT USED: 9:26:20 AM	ame (	Suspend	් Quit ~	(Home) OWNER: ME LAST USED:
						Recently Published sales_dashboard last published: 9:15:11 AM

Figure 3: Opening an existing session in Workbench

You can open an existing or shared project in a new session by clicking:

- on a project under the **Projects** pane or
- a recently published project under the **Recently Published** pane.

This causes a prompt to display to create a session with that project already loaded for you using your preferred editor.

🔀 <b>posit</b> Workb	ench		Sign Out
Sessions <ul> <li>New Session</li> <li>Create a new session</li> </ul>	+ New Session	Projects Sales Dashboard -/Sales Dashboard OWNER: ME LAST USED:	
	New Project Session: Sales Dashboard	eractive-visualization.ipynb	
	R RStudio Pr		
	Session Name Sales Dashboard		
	Cluster		
	Join session when ready	Cancel Start Project	
		LAST PUBLISHED: 9:15:11 AM	
Posit Workbench 2022.11.0-daily+	213.pro2, "Elsbeth Geranium" (f7017f38)		© 2009 – 2022 Posit Software, PBC

Figure 4: Opening a project in Workbench

#### i Note

When opening a project under the **Projects** and **Recently Published** columns on the right side, Workbench attempts to match with the appropriate editor based on the project type. R Projects will be prompted with the RStudio IDE as the preferred editor and Jupyter Notebooks will be prompted with the choice between JupyterLab and JupyterNotebook. At this time, projects will not be matched with the VS Code editor.

#### **Ending sessions**

Closing a browser window does not end a session, therefore, it is a good practice to routinely go through and clean up the sessions you aren't using. This gives the compute resources back to the server to be available for other users.

To quit a session:

- To the right of the session that you wish to force quit, click the **Quit** button.
- Click the **Quit Session** button.

You can quit all open sessions with the **Quit All** button located at the top right of the **Sessions** section. Any unsaved work will be lost, so be sure to save work to your version control system of choice, or locally, before quitting.

🔀 po	<b>sit</b> -Workbench			Sign Out
• •	NS udio Pro Session CTIVE R4.1.3 ne) CREATED: 9:3006 AM LAST USED:	Hew Session     O     Suspend All     O     Quit All     O     Info     P Rename     O     Suspend     O     Quit	Projects Sales Dashboard -/Sales Dashboard OWNER: ME LAST USED:eractive-visualization.ipynb (Home) OWNER: ME LAST USED:	
	Quit Session Are you sure you want to qui applicable, any global environ Force Quit (kills all child pu	the session(4)? All of the open files in the sessions will be close ment data will be lost. occesses)	d without saving and, if	
		Ca	Recently Published sales_dashboard LAST PUBLISHED: 9:15:11 AM	
Posit Workbe	nch 2022.11.0-daily+213.pro2, "Elsbeth Geran	ium" (f7017f38)		© 2009 – 2022 Posit Software, PBC

Figure 5: Quitting sessions in Workbench

In some rare cases, it might be necessary to force quit sessions. Typically, this is done when a session is not responding to inputs and may be part of a larger troubleshooting effort. To forcefully quit your session:

- Click the **Quit** button located to the right of the session you wish to force quit.
- Select the optional check box to enable Force Quit (kills all child processes).
- Click the **Quit Session** button.

This will forcefully stop your process and all of its descendant processes. Force quitting does not allow them to attempt to gracefully quit on their own. Consider using this option only as a last resort.

### i Note

Automatic cleanup of forgotten, long-running jobs is an optional setting, disabled by default, that may be configured by your server administrator. It is used to automatically reclaim temporary disk space used by a long-running session without user input **regardless of computation status** and to stop its processes and children.

If you are encountering unexpected session behavior that you suspect is due to this setting, refer your Workbench administrator to the Session Timeout Kill section of the Admin Guide.

### Troubleshooting

#### Find session diagnostics for started sessions

To find a started session's diagnostics:

• Navigate to the Workbench home page.

## posit<sup>-</sup>Workbench

Sessions		+ New Sessi	on
RStudio	Pro Sessio	on (i) Info	🖉 Re
• ACTIVE	R 4.2.0		I
(Home) C	REATED: 12:12:2	27 PM LAST	USED
RStudio	Session	(i) Info	🖉 R
SUSPEN	DED (6 MB)	R 4.0.3	
(Home) C	REATED: 11/9/2	2020 LAST U	JSED: 1
		(i) Info	<i>🖉</i> R

• SUSPENDED (19 MB) R 4.0.3 (Home) CREATED: 8/13/2020 LAST USED: 2

- Locate the session that you wish to view diagnostics for and click  ${\bf Info}.$
- From the RStudio Pro Session window, click the Launcher Diagnostics tab.

**RStudio Pro Session** 

	Session	Launcher Diagnostics			
Session 1d	RUNNING				
CLUSTER	Kubernetes		Details 🗖		
STATUS	RUNNING				
IMAGE	075258722956.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazona 353.pro20-202210	aws.com/sol-eng-demo-server:2022.12.0-			
SUBMITTED	5/4/2023, 12:16:21 PM				
EXECUTABLE	/usr/lib/rstudio-server/bin/rserver	-launcher			
ARGUMENTS	server-user rstudio-serverserver-project-sharing 0server- shared-storage-path /usr/home/rstudio-storage/pam-sessions-enabled 1pam-profile supam-sessions-close 0pam-sessions-require- password-prompt 1stdinrserver-address http://rstudio- workbench.rstudio.svc.cluster.local:80rserver-tcp-port 8787 rserver-verify-ssl-certs 1rserver-connection-timeout 10session- use-file-storage 1log-stderrcreate-container-user 1container- user-uid 200020221container-user-gid 1694303610container-user- home-dir /usr/home/ashleycontainer-user-shell /bin/bashforward- environment 1				
	1dc3dcfc78a3194dac9b0 1dc3dcfc7	8a31 💊 94dac9b0 💊 rstudio-r-session			

Close

#### RStudio Pro Session

	Session		La	auncher Diagnos	
Session 1dc3dcfc78a3194dac9b0 (ashley) - RStudio Pro Session					
CLUSTER	Kubernetes				
STATUS	RUNNING				
IMAGE	075258722956.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/sol-eng-demo-server:2022.1 353.pro20-202210				
SUBMITTED	5/4/2023, 12:16:21 PM				
EXECUTABLE	/usr/lib/rstudio-server/b	in/rserver-la	ncher		
ARGUMENTS	server-user rstudio-serverserver-project-sharing 0server- shared-storage-path /usr/home/rstudio-storage/pam-sessions-enab 1pam-profile supam-sessions-close 0pam-sessions-require- password-prompt 1stdinrserver-address http://rstudio- workbench.rstudio.svc.cluster.local:80rserver-tcp-port 8787 rserver-verify-ssl-certs 1rserver-connection-timeout 10sessi use-file-storage 1log-stderrcreate-container-user 1contai user-uid 200020221container-user-gid 1694303610container-use home-dir /usr/home/ashleycontainer-user-shell /bin/bashforwa environment 1				
	1dc3dcfc78a3194dac9b0	1dc3dcfc78a3	. 💊 94dac9b0	rstudio-r-ses	

• Under the Running status icon, click **Details**.

Below is an example of a session's diagnostics:

#### Session 1dc3dcfc78a3194dac9b0 (ashley) - RStudio Pro Session

CLUSTER Kubernetes STATUS • RUNNING IMAGE 075258722956.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/sol-eng-demo-server:2022.12.0-353.pro20-202210 SUBMITTED 5/4/2023, 12:16:21 PM EXECUTABLE /usr/lib/rstudio-server/bin/rserver-launcher --server-user rstudio-server --server-project-sharing 0 --server-shared-storage-path /usr/home/rstudio-storage/ --pam-sessions-enabled 1 --pam-profile su --pam-sessions-close 0 --pam-sessions-require-password-prompt 1 --stdin --rserver-address http://rstudio-workbench.rstudio.svc.cluster.local:80 --rserver-tcp-port 8787 --rserver-verify-ssl-certs 1 --rserver-connection-timeout 10 --session-use-file-storage 1 --log-stderr --create-container-user 1 --container-user-uid 200020221 --container-user-gid 1694303610 --container-user-home-dir /usr/home/ashley --container-user-shell /bin/bash --forward-environment 1 ARGUMENTS 💊 1dc3dcfc78a3194dac9b0 💊 1dc3dcfc78a31 💊 94dac9b0 🗞 rstudio-r-session 🗞 rstudio-r-session-name:RStudio Pro Session TAGS rstudio-r-session-id:1dc3dcfc78a3194dac9b0 LIMITS cpuCount: 1 memory: 2048 OUTPUT CPU - MEM -2023-05-04Tl6:16:26.315033Z [rsession-ashley] ERROR pref\_error error 1 (Error occurred while loading preferences.); OCCURRED AT rstudio::core::Error rstudio::session::prefs::PrefLayer::loadPrefsFromFile(const rstudio::core::FilePath&, const rstudio::core::FilePath&) src/cpp/session/prefs/PrefLayer.cpp:143; CAUSED BY: json-parse error 1 (An error occurred while parsing json. Offset: 0); OCCURRED AT virtual rstudio::core::Firor rstudio::core::json::Value::parse(const char\*) src/cpp/shared\_core/json/Json.cpp:669; LOGGED FROM: rstudio::core::Error rstudio::session::prefs::Preferences::readLayers() src/cpp/session/prefs/Preferences.cpp:65 Listener bound to address 0.0.0.0 port 8788 https Session proxy listening on 8789 https

RUNNING

Figure 6: Example diagnostics